

# The UniBrass Foundation Constitution

Date of constitution (last amended): 12/02/23

## 1. Name

The name of the Charitable Incorporated Organisation (“the CIO”) is The UniBrass Foundation.

## 2. National location of principal office

The principal office of the CIO is in England.

## 3. Object

The object of the CIO is:

To advance, improve, develop and maintain public education in, and appreciation of, the art of the brass band movement, primarily but not exclusively by organising an annual University Brass Band Championship of Great Britain and Northern Ireland.

Nothing in this constitution shall authorise an application of the property of the CIO for the purposes which are not charitable in accordance with section 7 of the Charities and Trustee Investment (Scotland) Act 2005 and section 2 of the Charities Act (Northern Ireland) 2008.

## 4. Powers

The CIO has power to do anything which is calculated to further its object(s) or is conducive or incidental to doing so. In particular, the CIO has power to:

- (1) buy, take on lease or in exchange, hire or otherwise acquire any property and to maintain and equip it for use;
- (2) sell, lease or otherwise dispose of all or any part of the property belonging to the CIO. In exercising this power, the CIO must comply as appropriate with sections 117 and 119-123 of the Charities Act 2011.

## 5. Application of income and property

- (1) The income and property of the CIO must be applied solely towards the promotion of the objects.
  - (a) A charity trustee is entitled to be reimbursed from the property of the CIO or may pay out of such property reasonable expenses properly incurred by him or her when acting on behalf of the CIO.
  - (b) A charity trustee may benefit from trustee indemnity insurance cover purchased at the CIO’s expense in accordance with, and subject to the conditions in, section 189 of the Charities Act 2011.
- (2) None of the income or property of the CIO may be paid or transferred directly or indirectly by way of dividend, bonus or otherwise by way of profit to any member of the CIO.
- (3) Nothing in this clause shall prevent a charity trustee or connected person receiving any benefit or payment which is authorised by Clause 6.

## 6. Benefits and payments to charity trustees and connected persons

### (1) General provisions

No charity trustee or connected person may:

- (a) buy or receive any goods or services from the CIO on terms preferential to those applicable to members of the public;
- (b) sell goods, services, or any interest in land to the CIO;
- (c) be employed by, or receive any remuneration from, the CIO;
- (d) receive any other financial benefit from the CIO;

unless the payment or benefit is permitted by sub-clause (2) of this clause or authorised by the court or the Charity Commission (“the Commission”). In this clause, a “financial benefit” means a benefit, direct or indirect, which is either money or has a monetary value.

### (2) Scope and powers permitting trustees’ or connected persons’ benefits

- (a) A charity trustee or connected person may receive a benefit from the CIO as a beneficiary provided that it is available generally to the beneficiaries of the CIO.
- (b) A charity trustee or connected person may enter into a contract for the supply of services, or of goods that are supplied in connection with the provision of services, to the CIO where that is permitted in accordance with, and subject to the conditions in, sections 185-188 of the Charities Act 2011.
- (c) Subject to sub-clause (3) of this clause a charity trustee or connected person may provide the CIO with goods that are not supplied in connection with services provided to the CIO by the charity trustee or connected person.
- (d) A charity trustee or connected person may take part in the normal trading and fundraising activities of the CIO on the same terms as members of the public.

### **(3) Payment for supply of goods only – controls**

The CIO and its charity trustees may only rely upon the authority provided by sub-clause (2)(c) of this clause if each of the following conditions is satisfied:

- (a) The amount or maximum amount of the payment for the goods is set out in a written agreement between the CIO and the charity trustee or connected person supplying the goods (“the supplier”).
- (b) The amount or maximum amount of the payment for the goods does not exceed what is reasonable in the circumstances for the supply of the goods in question.
- (c) The other charity trustees are satisfied that it is in the best interests of the CIO to contract with the supplier rather than with someone who is not a charity trustee or connected person. In reaching that decision the charity trustees must balance the advantage of contracting with a charity trustee or connected person against the disadvantages of doing so.
- (d) The supplier is absent from the part of any meeting at which there is discussion of the proposal to enter into a contract or arrangement with him or her or it with regard to the supply of goods to the CIO.
- (e) The supplier does not vote on any such matter and is not to be counted when calculating whether a quorum of charity trustees is present at the meeting.
- (f) The reason for their decision is recorded by the charity trustees in the minute book.
- (g) A majority of the charity trustees then in office are not in receipt of remuneration or payments authorised by clause 6.

### **(4) In sub-clauses (2) and (3) of this clause:**

- (a) “connected person” includes any person within the definition set out in clause 29 (Interpretation);

## **7. Conflicts of interest and conflicts of loyalty**

A charity trustee must:

- (1) declare the nature and extent of any interest, direct or indirect, which they have in a proposed transaction or arrangement with the CIO or in any transaction or arrangement entered into by the CIO which has not previously been declared; and
- (2) absent themselves from any discussions of the charity trustees in which it is possible that a conflict of interest will arise between their duty to act solely in the interests of the CIO and any personal interest (including but not limited to any financial interest).

Any charity trustee absenting himself or herself from any discussions in accordance with this clause must not vote or be counted as part of the quorum in any decision of the charity trustees on the matter.

## **8. Liability of members to contribute to the assets of the CIO if it is wound up**

If the CIO is wound up, the members of the CIO have no liability to contribute to its assets and no personal responsibility for settling its debts and liabilities.

## **9. Charity trustees**

### **(1) Functions and duties of charity trustees**

The charity trustees shall manage the affairs of the CIO and may for that purpose exercise all the powers of the CIO. It is the duty of each charity trustee:

- (a) to exercise their powers and to perform their functions in their capacity as a trustee of the CIO in the way they decide in good faith would be most likely to further the purposes of the CIO; and

- (b) to exercise, in the performance of those functions, such care and skill as is reasonable in the circumstances having regard in particular to:
  - (i) any special knowledge or experience that they have or hold themselves out as having; and
  - (ii) if they act as a charity trustee of the CIO in the course of a business or profession, to any special knowledge or experience that it is reasonable to expect of a person acting in the course of that kind of business or profession.

## **(2) Eligibility for trusteeship**

- (a) Every charity trustee must be a natural person.
- (b) No individual may be appointed as a charity trustee of the CIO:
  - (i) if they are under the age of 18 years; or
  - (ii) if they would automatically cease to hold office under the provisions of clause 12(1)(e).
- (c) No one is entitled to act as a charity trustee whether on appointment or on any re-appointment until they have expressly acknowledged, in whatever way the charity trustees decide, their acceptance of the office of charity trustee.

## **(3) Number of charity trustees**

- (a) There should be:
  - (i) Not less than three nor more than eleven appointed trustees; and
  - (ii) Two ex-officio trustees;
- (b) There must be at least three charity trustees. If the number falls below this minimum, the remaining trustee or trustees may act only to call a meeting of the charity trustees, or appoint a new charity trustee.
- (c) The maximum number of charity trustees that can be appointed is as provided in sub-clause (a) of this clause. No trustee appointment may be made in excess of these provisions.

## **(4) First charity trustees**

The first charity trustees are as follows, and are appointed for the following terms:

- Rhian Davies for 3 years;
- Ian Poole for 3 years;
- Oliver Newton for 2 years;
- Christopher Osborn for 2 years;
- James Owen for 2 years;
- Philip Hush for 1 year;
- Max Stannard for 1 year.

# **10. Appointment of charity trustees**

## **(1) Appointed charity trustees**

- (a) Charity trustees must be appointed by a resolution passed at a properly convened meeting of the charity trustees. Appointments should normally be for a term of three years but terms shorter than three years can be offered in the following circumstances:
  - (i) appointment of the first charity trustees;
  - (ii) where the charity trustees believe it in the best interests of the charity;
  - (iii) when offering a position to an outgoing UniBrass Organising Committee member, where the normal term length offered should be one year.
- (b) In selecting individuals for appointment as appointed charity trustees, the charity trustees must have regard to the skills, knowledge and experience needed for the effective administration of the CIO.
- (c) Of the open trustee positions each year, one will normally be offered to members of the outgoing UniBrass Organising Committee, subject to clause 10(1)(b), above. This trustee position should normally be offered on a one-year term length, as in 10(1)(a)(iii).

## **(2) Ex-officio Trustees**

- (a) The Chair of the UniBrass sub-committee for the time being (“an office holder”) shall automatically (“ex-officio”) be a charity trustee, for as long as they hold that office.

- (b) One other Officer of the UniBrass sub-committee (in the role defined in Bye Law 2) for the time being (“an office holder”) shall ex-officio be a charity trustee, for as long as they hold that office.
- (c) If unwilling to act as a charity trustee, an office holder may:
  - (i) before accepting appointment as a charity trustee, give notice in writing to the trustees of their unwillingness to act in that capacity; or
  - (ii) after accepting appointment as a charity trustee, resign under the provisions contained in clause 12 (Retirement and removal of charity trustees).

The office of ex-officio charity trustee will then remain vacant until the office holder ceases to hold office.

### **(3) Nominated Board Member**

- (a) Brass Bands England (“the appointing body”) may nominate one representative as a non-voting board member with rights to attend and speak at meetings of the charity. There is no requirement for this person to hold any specific role at the appointing body.
- (b) Representatives nominated by the appointing body shall be considered by the charity trustees annually at a properly convened meeting of the charity.
- (c) The board member does not qualify as a member for any purpose under the Charities Acts, General Regulations or Dissolution Regulations.

## **11. Information for new charity trustees**

The charity trustees will make available to each new charity trustee, on or before their first appointment:

- (a) a copy of the current version of this constitution;
- (b) a copy of the currently-enacted bye laws; and
- (c) a copy of the CIO’s latest Trustees’ Annual Report and statement of accounts.

## **12. Retirement and removal of charity trustees**

- (1) A charity trustee ceases to hold office if they:
  - (a) retire by notifying the CIO in writing (but only if enough charity trustees will remain in office when the notice of resignation takes effect to form a quorum for meetings);
  - (b) is absent without the permission of the charity trustees from all their meetings held within a period of three months and the trustees resolve that their office be vacated;
  - (c) dies;
  - (d) in the written opinion, given to the charity, of a registered medical practitioner treating that person, has become physically or mentally incapable of acting as a director and may remain so for more than three months;
  - (e) is disqualified from acting as a charity trustee by virtue of sections 178-180 of the Charities Act 2011 (or any statutory re-enactment or modification of that provision).
  - (f) behave in such a way, either whilst exercising their duties as a charity trustee or not, that it brings the charity in to disrepute, and the trustees resolve that their office be vacated;
  - (g) fail to exercise their duties without the permissions of the charity trustees for a period of three months and the trustees resolve that their office be vacated.
- (2) Where possible, if, under one of the points listed above, the charity trustees wish to resolve that an office is vacated, the charity trustee who holds the office should be given warning of this action in writing at least 2 weeks in advance.
- (3) Any person retiring as a charity trustee is eligible for reappointment.

## **13. Taking of decisions by charity trustees**

Any decision may be taken either:

- (a) at a meeting of the charity trustees; or
- (b) by resolution in writing or electronic form agreed by all of the charity trustees, which may comprise either a single document or several documents containing the text of the resolution in like form to each of which one or more charity trustees has signified their agreement.

#### **14. Delegation by charity trustees**

- (1) The charity trustees may delegate any of their powers or functions to a committee or committees, and, if they do, they shall determine the terms and conditions on which the delegation is made. The charity trustees may at any time alter those terms and conditions, or revoke the delegation.
- (2) This power is in addition to the power of delegation in the General Regulations and any other power of delegation available to the charity trustees, but is subject to the following requirements:
  - (a) a committee may consist of two or more persons, but at least one member of each committee must be a charity trustee;
  - (b) the acts and proceedings of any committee must be brought to the attention of the charity trustees as a whole as soon as is reasonably practicable; and
  - (c) the charity trustees shall from time to time review the arrangements which they have made for the delegation of their powers.

#### **15. Meetings of charity trustees**

##### **(1) Calling meetings**

- (a) Any charity trustee may call a meeting of the charity trustees.
- (b) Subject to that, the charity trustees shall decide how their meetings are to be called, and what notice is required.

##### **(2) Chairing of meetings**

The charity trustees may appoint one of their number to chair their meetings and may at any time revoke such appointment. If no-one has been so appointed, or if the person appointed is unwilling to preside or is not present within 10 minutes after the time of the meeting, the charity trustees present may appoint one of their number to chair that meeting.

##### **(3) Procedure at meetings**

- (a) No decision shall be taken at a meeting unless a quorum is present at the time when the decision is taken. The quorum is two charity trustees, or the number strictly greater than one half of the total number of charity trustees, whichever is greater, or such larger number as the charity trustees may decide from time to time. A charity trustee shall not be counted in the quorum present when any decision is made about a matter upon which they are not entitled to vote.
- (b) Questions arising at a meeting shall be decided by a majority of those eligible to vote.
- (c) In the case of an equality of votes, the person who chairs the meeting shall have a second or casting vote

##### **(4) Participation in meetings by electronic means**

- (a) A meeting may be held by suitable electronic means agreed by the charity trustees in which each participant may communicate with all the other participants.
- (b) Any charity trustee participating at a meeting by suitable electronic means agreed by the charity trustees in which a participant or participants may communicate with all the other participants shall qualify as being present at the meeting.
- (c) Meetings held by electronic means must comply with rules for meetings, including chairing and the taking of minutes.

#### **16. Membership of the CIO**

- (1) The members of the CIO shall be its charity trustees for the time being. The only persons eligible to be members of the CIO are its charity trustees. Membership of the CIO cannot be transferred to anyone else.
- (2) Any member and charity trustee who ceases to be a charity trustee automatically ceases to be a member of the CIO.

#### **17. Decisions which must be made by the members of the CIO**

- (1) Any decision to:
  - (a) amend the constitution of the CIO;
  - (b) amalgamate the CIO with, or transfer its undertaking to, one or more other CIOs, in accordance with the Charities Act 2011; or

- (c) wind up or dissolve the CIO (including transferring its business to any other charity) must be made by a resolution of the members of the CIO (rather than a resolution of the charity trustees).
- (2) Decisions of the members may be made either:
  - (a) by resolution at a general meeting; or
  - (b) by resolution in writing, in accordance with sub-clause (4) of this clause.
- (3) Any decision specified in sub-clause (1) of this clause must be made in accordance with the provisions of clause 27 (Amendment of Constitution), clause 28 (Voluntary winding up or dissolution), or the provisions of the Charities Act 2011, the General Regulations or the Dissolution Regulations as applicable. Those provisions require the resolution to be agreed by a 75% majority of those members voting at a general meeting, or agreed by all members in writing.
- (4) Except where a resolution in writing must be agreed by all the members, such a resolution may be agreed by a simple majority of all the members who are entitled to vote on it. Such a resolution shall be effective provided that:
  - (a) a copy of the proposed resolution has been sent to all the members eligible to vote; and
  - (b) the required majority of members has signified its agreement to the resolution in a document or documents which are received at the principal office within the period of 28 days beginning with the circulation date. The document signifying a member's agreement must be authenticated by their signature, by a statement of their identity accompanying the document, or in such other manner as the CIO has specified.

The resolution in writing may comprise several copies to which one or more members has signified their agreement. Eligibility to vote on the resolution is limited to members who are members of the CIO on the date when the proposal is first circulated.

## **18. General meetings of members**

### **(1) Calling of general meetings of members**

The charity trustees may designate any of their meetings as a general meeting of the members of the CIO. The purpose of such a meeting is to discharge any business which must by law be discharged by a resolution of the members of the CIO as specified in clause 17 (Decisions which must be made by the members of the CIO).

### **(2) Notice of general meetings of members**

- (a) The minimum period of notice required to hold a general meeting of the members of the CIO is fourteen days.
- (b) Except where a specified period of notice is strictly required by another clause in this constitution, by the Charities Act 2011 or by the General Regulations, a general meeting may be called by shorter notice if it is so agreed by a majority of the members of the CIO.
- (c) Proof that an envelope containing a notice was properly addressed, prepaid and posted; or that an electronic form of notice was properly addressed and sent, shall be conclusive evidence that the notice was given. Notice shall be deemed to be given 48 hours after it was posted or sent.

### **(3) Procedure at general meetings of members**

The provisions in clause 15 (2)-(4) governing the chairing of meetings, procedure at meetings and participation in meetings by electronic means apply to any general meeting of the members, with all references to trustees to be taken as references to members.

### **(4) Proxy voting**

- (a) Any member of the CIO may appoint another person as a proxy to exercise all or any of that member's rights to attend, speak and vote at a general meeting of the CIO. Proxies must be appointed by a notice in writing (a "proxy notice") which:
  - (i) states the name and address of the member appointing the proxy;
  - (ii) identifies the person appointed to be that member's proxy and the general meeting in relation to which that person is appointed;
  - (iii) is signed by or on behalf of the member appointing the proxy, or is authenticated in such manner as the CIO may determine; and

- (iv) is delivered to the CIO in accordance with the constitution and any instructions contained in the notice of the general meeting to which they relate.
- (b) The CIO may require proxy notices to be delivered in a particular form, and may specify different forms for different purposes.
- (c) Proxy notices may (but do not have to) specify how the proxy appointed under them is to vote (or that the proxy is to abstain from voting) on one or more resolutions.
- (d) Unless a proxy notice indicates otherwise, it must be treated as:
  - (i) allowing the person appointed under it as a proxy discretion as to how to vote on any ancillary or procedural resolutions put to the meeting; and
  - (ii) appointing that person as a proxy in relation to any adjournment of the general meeting to which it relates as well as the meeting itself.
- (e) A member who is entitled to attend, speak or vote (either on a show of hands or on a poll) at a general meeting remains so entitled in respect of that meeting or any adjournment of it, even though a valid proxy notice has been delivered to the CIO by or on behalf of that member.
- (f) An appointment under a proxy notice may be revoked by delivering to the CIO a notice in writing given by or on behalf of the member by whom or on whose behalf the proxy notice was given.
- (g) A notice revoking a proxy appointment only takes effect if it is delivered before the start of the meeting or adjourned meeting to which it relates.
- (h) If a proxy notice is not signed or authenticated by the member appointing the proxy, it must be accompanied by written evidence that the person who signed or authenticated it on that member's behalf had authority to do so.

## **19. Saving provisions**

- (1) Subject to sub-clause (2) of this clause, all decisions of the charity trustees, or of a committee of charity trustees, shall be valid notwithstanding the participation in any vote of a charity trustee:
  - (a) who was disqualified from holding office;
  - (b) who had previously retired or who had been obliged by the constitution to vacate office;
  - (c) who was not entitled to vote on the matter, whether by reason of a conflict of interest or otherwise;if, without the vote of that charity trustee and that charity trustee being counted in the quorum, the decision has been made by a majority of the charity trustees at a quorate meeting.
- (2) Sub-clause (1) of this clause does not permit a charity trustee to keep any benefit that may be conferred upon him or her by a resolution of the charity trustees or of a committee of charity trustees if, but for sub-clause (1), the resolution would have been void, or if the charity trustee has not complied with clause 7 (Conflicts of interest).

## **20. Execution of documents**

- (1) The CIO shall execute documents either by signature or by affixing its seal (if it has one).
- (2) A document is validly executed by signature if it is signed by at least two of the charity trustees.
- (3) If the CIO has a seal:
  - (a) it must comply with the provisions of the General Regulations; and
  - (b) the seal must only be used by the authority of the charity trustees or of a committee of charity trustees duly authorised by the charity trustees. The charity trustees may determine who shall sign any document to which the seal is affixed and unless otherwise so determined it shall be signed by two charity trustees.

## **21. Use of electronic communications**

### **(1) General**

The CIO will comply with the requirements of the Communications Provisions in the General Regulations and in particular:

- (a) the requirement to provide within 21 days to any member on request a hard copy of any document or information sent to the member otherwise than in hard copy form;
- (b) any requirements to provide information to the Commission in a particular form or manner.

### **(2) To the CIO**

Any member or charity trustee of the CIO may communicate electronically with the CIO to an address specified by the CIO for the purpose, so long as the communication is authenticated in a manner which is satisfactory to the CIO.

### **(3) By the CIO**

- (a) Any member or charity trustee of the CIO, by providing the CIO with their email address or similar, is taken to have agreed to receive communications from the CIO in electronic form at that address.
- (b) The charity trustees may, subject to compliance with any legal requirements, by means of publication on its website:
  - (i) provide the members with the notice referred to in clause 18(2) (Notice of general meetings of members);
  - (ii) give charity trustees notice of their meetings in accordance with clause 15(1) (Calling meetings); and
  - (iii) submit any proposal to the members or charity trustees for decision by written resolution in accordance with the CIO's powers under clause 17 (Decisions which must be made by members of the CIO) and 17(4).
- (c) The charity trustees must –
  - (i) take reasonable steps to ensure that members and charity trustees are promptly notified of the publication of any such notice or proposal.

## **22. Keeping of Registers**

The CIO must comply with its obligations under the General Regulations in relation to the keeping of, and provision of access to, a (combined) register of its members and charity trustees.

## **23. Minutes**

The charity trustees must keep minutes of all:

- (1) appointments of officers made by the charity trustees;
- (2) proceedings at general meetings of the CIO;
- (3) meetings of the charity trustees and committees of charity trustees including:
  - (i) the names of the trustees present at the meeting;
  - (ii) the decisions made at the meetings; and
  - (iii) where appropriate the reasons for the decisions;
- (4) decisions made by the charity trustees otherwise than in meetings.

## **24. Accounting records, accounts, annual reports and returns, register maintenance**

- (1) The charity trustees must comply with the requirements of the Charities Act 2011 with regard to the keeping of accounting records, to the preparation and scrutiny of statements of account, and to the preparation of annual reports and returns. The statements of account, reports and returns must be sent to the Charity Commission, regardless of the income of the CIO, within 10 months of the financial year end.
- (2) The charity trustees must comply with their obligation to inform the Commission within 28 days of any change in the particulars of the CIO entered on the Central Register of Charities.

## **25. Rules**

- (1) The charity trustees may from time to time make such reasonable and proper rules or bye laws as they may deem necessary or expedient for the proper conduct and management of the CIO, but such rules or bye laws must not be inconsistent with any provision of this constitution. Copies of any such rules or bye laws currently in force must be made available to any member of the CIO on request.
- (2) The charity trustees may amend such rules or bye laws in accordance with the requirements set out in (1) by a resolution passed by a simple majority vote at a properly convened meeting of the members.

## **26. Disputes**

If a dispute arises between members of the CIO about the validity or propriety of anything done by the members under this constitution, and the dispute cannot be resolved by agreement, the parties to the dispute must first try in good faith to settle the dispute by mediation before resorting to litigation.

## **27. Amendment of constitution**



As provided by sections 224-227 of the Charities Act 2011:

- (1) This constitution can only be amended:
  - (a) by resolution agreed in writing by all members of the CIO; or
  - (b) by a resolution passed by a 75% majority of those voting at a general meeting of the members of the CIO called in accordance with clause 18 (General meetings of members).
- (2) Any alteration of clause 3 (Objects), clause 28 (Voluntary winding up or dissolution), this clause, or of any provision where the alteration would provide authorisation for any benefit to be obtained by charity trustees or members of the CIO or persons connected with them, requires the prior written consent of the Charity Commission.
- (3) No amendment that is inconsistent with the provisions of the Charities Act 2011 or the General Regulations shall be valid.
- (4) A copy of every resolution amending the constitution, together with a copy of the CIO's constitution as amended must be sent to the Commission by the end of the period of 15 days beginning with the date of passing of the resolution, and the amendment does not take effect until it has been recorded in the Register of Charities.

## **28. Voluntary winding up or dissolution**

- (1) As provided by the Dissolution Regulations, the CIO may be dissolved by resolution of its members. Any decision by the members to wind up or dissolve the CIO can only be made:
  - (a) at a general meeting of the members of the CIO called in accordance with clause 18 (General meetings of members), of which not less than 14 days' notice has been given to those eligible to attend and vote:
    - (i) by a resolution passed by a 75% majority of those voting, or
    - (ii) by a resolution passed by decision taken without a vote and without any expression of dissent in response to the question put to the general meeting; or
  - (b) by a resolution agreed in writing by all members of the CIO.
- (2) Subject to the payment of all the CIO's debts:
  - (a) Any resolution for the winding up of the CIO, or for the dissolution of the CIO without winding up, may contain a provision directing how any remaining assets of the CIO shall be applied.
  - (b) If the resolution does not contain such a provision, the charity trustees must decide how any remaining assets of the CIO shall be applied.
  - (c) In either case the remaining assets must be applied for charitable purposes the same as or similar to those of the CIO.
- (3) The CIO must observe the requirements of the Dissolution Regulations in applying to the Commission for the CIO to be removed from the Register of Charities, and in particular:
  - (a) the charity trustees must send with their application to the Commission:
    - (i) a copy of the resolution passed by the members of the CIO;
    - (ii) a declaration by the charity trustees that any debts and other liabilities of the CIO have been settled or otherwise provided for in full; and
    - (iii) a statement by the charity trustees setting out the way in which any property of the CIO has been or is to be applied prior to its dissolution in accordance with this constitution;
  - (b) the charity trustees must ensure that a copy of the application is sent within seven days to every member and employee of the CIO, and to any charity trustee of the CIO who was not privy to the application.
- (4) If the CIO is to be wound up or dissolved in any other circumstances, the provisions of the Dissolution Regulations must be followed.

## **29. Interpretation**

In this constitution:

**"connected person"** means:

- (a) a child, parent, grandchild, grandparent, brother or sister of the charity trustee;
- (b) the spouse or civil partner of the charity trustee or of any person falling within sub-clause (a) above;

- (c) a person carrying on business in partnership with the charity trustee or with any person falling within subclause (a) or (b) above;
- (d) an institution which is controlled –
  - (i) by the charity trustee or any connected person falling within sub-clause (a), (b), or (c) above; or
  - (ii) by two or more persons falling within sub-clause (d)(i), when taken together
- (e) a body corporate in which –
  - (i) the charity trustee or any connected person falling within sub-clauses (a) to (c) has a substantial interest; or
  - (ii) two or more persons falling within sub-clause (e)(i) who, when taken together, have a substantial interest.

Section 118 of the Charities Act 2011 apply for the purposes of interpreting the terms used in this constitution.

“**General Regulations**” means the Charitable Incorporated Organisations (General) Regulations 2012.

“**Dissolution Regulations**” means the Charitable Incorporated Organisations (Insolvency and Dissolution) Regulations 2012.

The “**Communications Provisions**” means the Communications Provisions in Part 10, Chapter 4 of the General Regulations.

“**Charity trustee**” means a charity trustee of the CIO.

“**Contest**” means the annual University Brass Band Championship of Great Britain and Northern Ireland.

“**Organising Committee**” means the sub-committee selected to run the yearly contest.

“**University**” refers to any Higher Education establishment in the UK.

A “**poll**” means a counted vote or ballot, usually (but not necessarily) in writing.

## Change History

Date	Issue Number	Changes
6th November 2014	1.0	Constitution Adopted
25th November 2014	1.0	UniBrass Foundation Registered as CIO-Foundation
15th July 2017	1.1	Northern Ireland <a href="#">Resolution</a> approved Amended On 23 AUG 2017
21st April 2018	1.2	Gender Neutrality <a href="#">Resolution</a> approved Amended on 24th April
3rd February 2019	1.3	BBE Nominated Trustee <a href="#">Resolution</a> approved Amended on 22nd February 2019
14th September 2019	1.4	Trustee Term Length <a href="#">Resolution</a> approved Amended on 14th September 2019
24th November 2019	1.5	Bye Law Amendment <a href="#">Resolution</a> approved Amended on 24th November 2019
9th February 2020	1.6	Outgoing Organising Committee Appointment <a href="#">Resolution</a> approved Amended on 23rd February 2020
29th March 2020	1.6.1	<a href="#">Resolution</a> approved for amendment to issue 1.6 Amended on 4th April 2020

2nd August 2020	1.7	Trustee Removal amendment <a href="#">Resolution</a> approved Amended on 2nd August 2020
4th January 2022	1.8	BBE Nominated Trustee role to become a non-voting board member <a href="#">resolution</a> approved Amended on 8th January 2022
6th November 2022	1.9	Updated number of appointed trustee positions, and minimum age of trustees raised from 16 to 18.
12th February 2023	1.10	Second Ex-officio trustee position changed from treasurer to “one other member” of the Organising Committee Resolution approved Amended on 19th February 2023